



Gowin Programmer User Guide

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Revision History

Date	Version	Description
04/06/2017	1.0E	Initial version published.
08/06/2017	1.1E	Device programming operation modified.
10/28/2019	1.2E	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Slave SPI Mode added.● SVF File Creation added.● User Flash Initialization added.
02/17/2020	1.3E	The description of installing and starting Programmer added.
06/01/2022	1.4E	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Section 2.1 Introduction to Programmer Tool Chain added.● Chapter 4 Programmer_cli Programming Download Flow added.
06/08/2023	1.5E	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● The description of cable privilege configuration in Linux system added.● The description of Gowin USB Cable (GWU2X) configuration added.● SRAM Program JTAG 1149 removed from Table 3-1 Device Operations Description.● Software screenshots updated.

Contents

Contents	i
List of Figures	iii
List of Tables	iv
1 About This Guide	1
1.1 Purpose.....	1
1.2 Related Documents	1
1.3 Terminology and Abbreviations.....	1
1.4 Support and Feedback	2
2 Introduction	3
2.1 Introduction to Programmer Tool Chain.....	3
2.1.1 Programmer.exe	3
2.1.2 Programmer_cli.exe.....	3
2.1.3 JTAGLoading.exe	3
2.1.4 jtagserver.exe.....	3
2.1.5 Cable5.uid.up.exe.....	3
2.1.6 Gowin_USB_Cable_Installer.sh and Makefile	3
2.2 Install and Start Programmer Tool Chain.....	3
2.2.1 The First Method to Install	3
2.2.2 The Second Method to Install	4
2.2.3 Start Programmer Tool Chain	5
2.3 Software Interface.....	6
2.4 Software Version.....	7
2.5 Cable Privilege Configuration in Linux System.....	7
2.5.1 Makefile.....	7
2.5.2 Gowin_USB_Cable_Installer.sh.....	8
3 Programming Download Flow.....	9
3.1 Cable Setting	9
3.2 Scan Daisy Chain	11
3.3 Daisy Chain Configuration	11
3.3.1 Add Device.....	11
3.3.2 Remove Device.....	12

3.3.3 Modify Device Position in Chain	12
3.4 Device Configuration	12
3.4.1 SRAM Configuration	14
3.4.2 Embedded Flash Configuration of LittleBee® Series of FPGA Products	14
3.4.3 External Flash Configuration	14
3.4.4 Slave SPI Mode	15
3.5 Edit Pin State	15
3.6 Device Security	16
3.7 Programming Download	17
3.8 SVF File Creation	17
3.9 User Flash Initialization.....	18
4 Programmer_cli Programming Download Flow.....	20
4.1 Preview and Help.....	20
4.2 Scan USB Cable Device.....	23
4.3 Specify USB Cable Type and Port.....	24
4.4 Specify USB Cable Location or UID	24
4.5 Scan FPGA Device	24
4.6 Specify Programmer Operation Mode	25
4.7 Configure SRAM.....	26
4.8 Configure Embedded Flash of LittleBee® Family	27
4.8.1 Configure Flash.....	27
4.8.2 Configure Flash and UserFlash Initialization File	27
4.9 Configure External SPI Flash	28

List of Figures

Figure 2-1 Install Programmer.....	4
Figure 2-2 Install Programmer Driver.....	4
Figure 2-3 Start programmer.exe.....	5
Figure 2-4 Start programmer_cli.exe.....	5
Figure 2-5 Start Programmer Using Shortcut Key.....	6
Figure 2-6 Programmer Interface.....	6
Figure 2-7 Version Number.....	7
Figure 2-8 File List.....	7
Figure 2-9 Makefile Installation for a Regular User.....	8
Figure 2-10 Makefile Installation for a Root User.....	8
Figure 2-11 Script Installation.....	8
Figure 3-1 Gowin USB Cable (FT2CH).....	10
Figure 3-2 LPT.....	10
Figure 3-3 Gowin USB Cable (GWU2X).....	11
Figure 3-4 Device Table.....	11
Figure 3-5 Device Configuration Interface.....	12
Figure 3-6 I/O State Editor.....	16
Figure 3-7 Security Configuration.....	16
Figure 3-8 Create SVF File.....	17
Figure 3-9 User Flash Initialization.....	18
Figure 4-1 Open programmer_cli in CMD.....	20
Figure 4-2 Help Information.....	21
Figure 4-3 Scan USB Cable Device.....	23
Figure 4-4 Help Information.....	24
Figure 4-5 Help Information.....	24
Figure 4-6 Scan FPGA Device.....	25
Figure 4-7 Help Information.....	25
Figure 4-8 Help Information.....	26
Figure 4-9 Example.....	27
Figure 4-10 Example.....	27

List of Tables

Table 1-1 Terminology and Abbreviations.....	1
Table 3-1 Device Operations Description.....	13
Table 3-2 User Flash Reference.....	18

1 About This Guide

1.1 Purpose

This guide describes how to use Gowin Programmer. The software screenshots and the supported products listed in this guide are based on 1.9.9 Beta. As the software is subject to change without notice, some information may not remain relevant and may need to be adjusted according to the software that is in use.

1.2 Related Documents

The latest user guides are available on GOWINSEMI Website. You can find the related documents at www.gowinsemi.com:

- [SUG100, Gowin Software User Guide](#)
- [TN653, Gowin FPGA Products JTAG Programming and Configuration Manual](#)
- [UG290, Gowin FPGA Products Programming and Configuration Manual](#)

1.3 Terminology and Abbreviations

Table 1-1 shows the abbreviations and terminology used in this guide.

Table 1-1 Terminology and Abbreviations

Terminology and Abbreviations	Meaning
FPGA	Field Programmable Gate Array
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
I/O	Input/Output
BSDL	Boundary Scan Description Language
GAO	Gowin Analyzer Oscilloscope

1.4 Support and Feedback

Gowin Semiconductor provides customers with comprehensive technical support. If you have any questions, comments, or suggestions, please feel free to contact us directly by the following ways.

Website: www.gowinsemi.com

E-mail: support@gowinsemi.com

2 Introduction

2.1 Introduction to Programmer Tool Chain

2.1.1 Programmer.exe

The graphical tool Programmer.exe is Gowin FPGA downloader, which provides a graphical operation interface and provides bitstream configuration or download functions.

2.1.2 Programmer_cli.exe

Programmer_cli is the command line version of Programmer.

2.1.3 JTAGLoading.exe

Gowin SVF command line software tool, currently only Windows version is available; and the current version only supports Gowin USB Cable Version 3.0 and 4.0.

2.1.4 jtagserver.exe

jtagserver.exe and jtagserver_lpt.exe\ jtagserver_u2x.exe belong to GAO tool chain.

2.1.5 Cable5.uid.up.exe

Gowin USB Cable Version 5.0 UID configuration tool

2.1.6 Gowin_USB_Cable_Installer.sh and Makefile

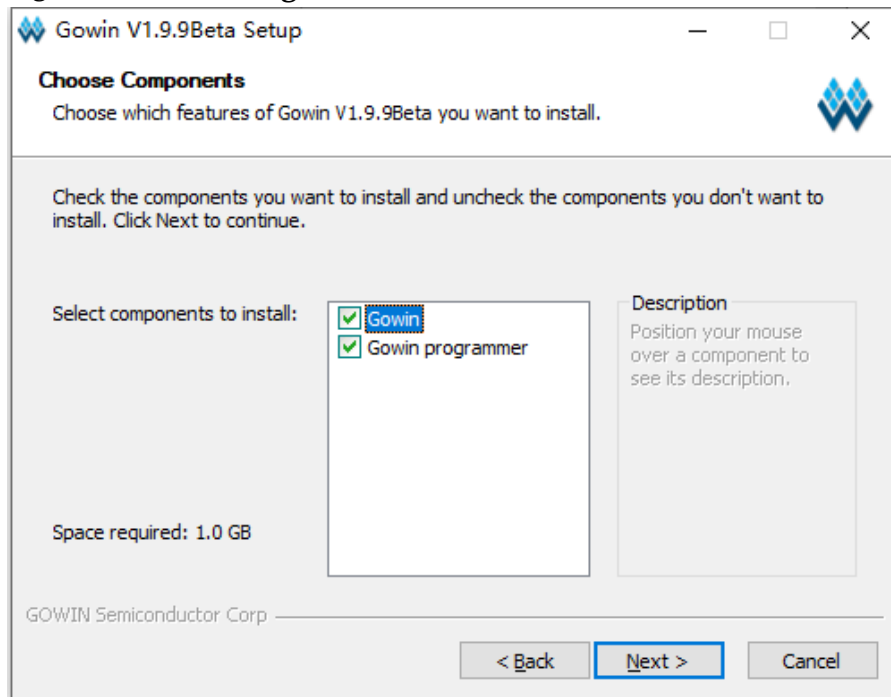
Used to modify the privileges of a cable in Linux system

2.2 Install and Start Programmer Tool Chain

2.2.1 The First Method to Install

When installing Gowin Software using the default installation method, Gowin Programmer component will be installed, as shown in Figure 2-1. For details on the software installation and application, see [SUG100, Gowin Software User Guide](#).

Figure 2-1 Install Programmer



2.2.2 The Second Method to Install

Download Gowin Programmer installation package at official website: https://www.gowinsemi.com/en/support/download_eda/. After unzipping the installation package, open directory of programmer2\driver. Choose corresponding driver according to your own computer system, as shown in Figure 2-2.

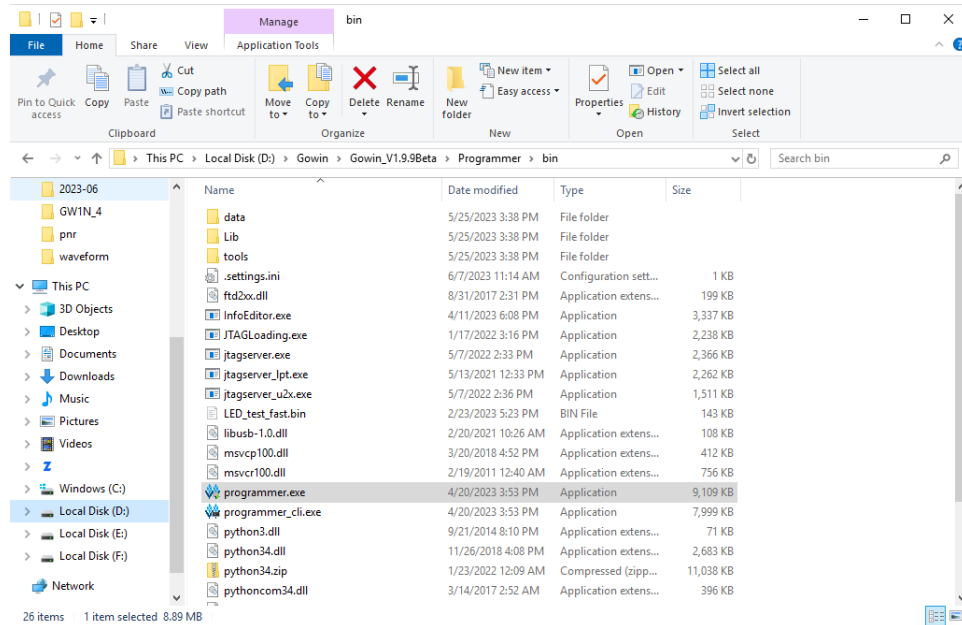
Figure 2-2 Install Programmer Driver



2.2.3 Start Programmer Tool Chain

- After installation, the .exe file is under \x.x\Programmer\bin\; Double-click on programmer.exe to start the software, as shown in Figure 2-3.

Figure 2-3 Start programmer.exe



- For command line software, please open it in CMD; for example, open programmer_cli.exe.

Figure 2-4 Start programmer_cli.exe

```

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.3046]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

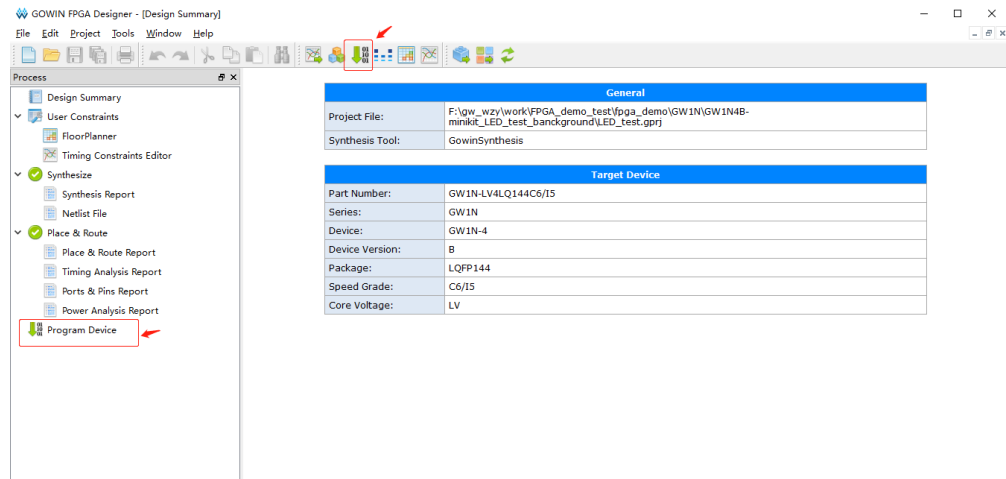
D:\Gowin\Gowin_V1.9.9Beta\Programmer\bin>programmer_cli.exe
Error: No device specified
usage: programmer_cli.exe [-h] [--device <GWxx-x>] [--operation_index <int>]
                        [--chain_index <int>] [--chain_size <int>]
                        [--chain_ir <string>] [--frequency <string>]
                        [--fsFile bitstream.fs] [--acFile ac.bin]
                        [--csrFile csr.bin] [--mcuFile mcu.bin]
                        [--fiFile userflash.fi] [--spiaddr 0x000000]
                        [--output output.txt]
                        [--key 00000000-00000000-00000000-00000000]
                        [--keyread] [--keywrite] [--keylock]
                        [--mfgiref data[9:0]] [--svfcreate] [--vme]
                        [--svf_frequency <float>] [--channel <int>]
                        [--location <int>] [--uid UID] [--lpt_address <int>]
                        [--cable "Gowin USB CableFT2CH"]
                        [--cable-index <int>] [--scan-cables] [--scan]
                        [--filestransform <int>] [--files <string>]
                        [--read-otp-addr] [--save-otp-addr]
                        [--i2c-addr 1010000]

D:\Gowin\Gowin_V1.9.9Beta\Programmer\bin>a

```

- This software can be started by the shortcut key in Gowin Software, as shown in Figure 2-5.

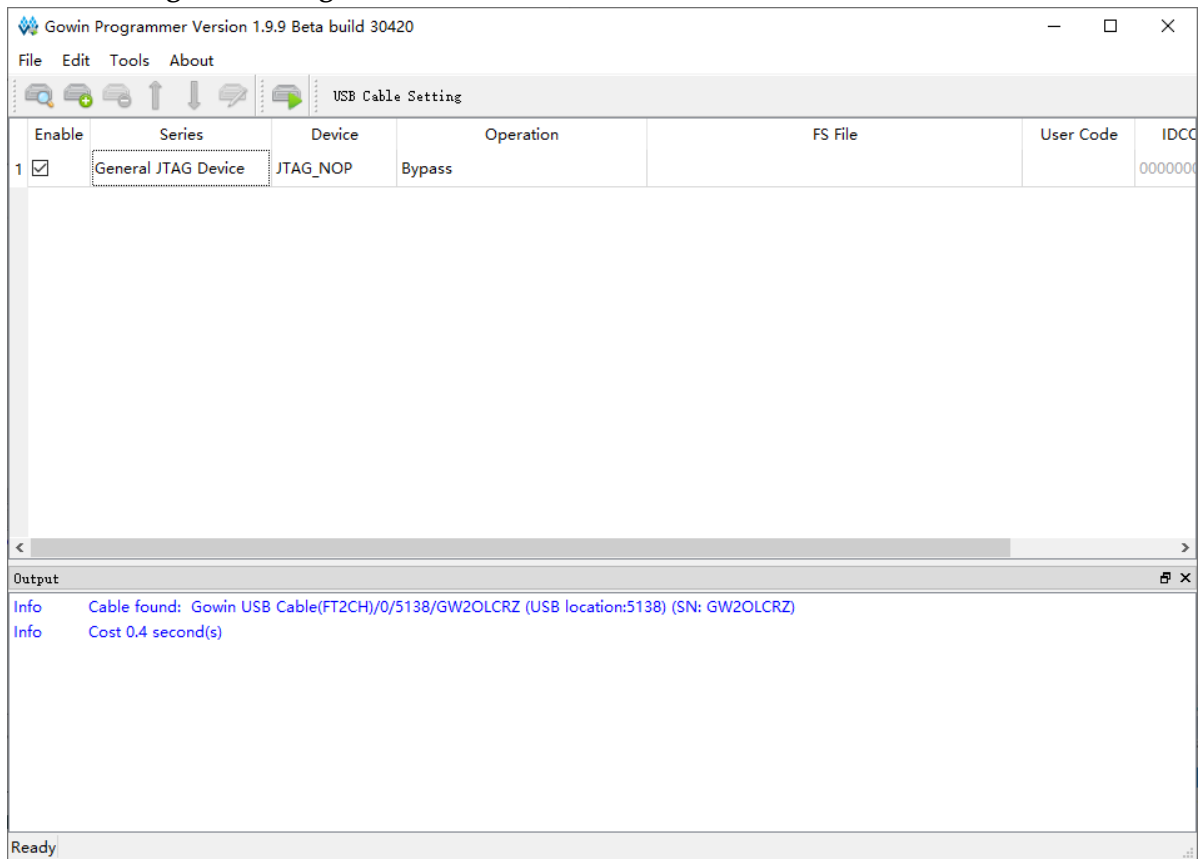
Figure 2-5 Start Programmer Using Shortcut Key



2.3 Software Interface

Gowin Programmer interface includes menu bar, tool bar, device table, output area, as shown in Figure 2-6 .

Figure 2-6 Programmer Interface



In the device table, all the devices that will be programmed in daisy chain are displayed through automatically scanning or manual configuration. Each row of the table represents a device, which can be programmed or not by selecting Enable column.

The device table includes Enable, Family, Device, Operation, FS File, Checksum, User Code, and IDCODE options. Enable, Family, Device, Operation, and FS files are editable and can be edited with clicking. Double-click to open Device Configuration Dialog to configure the other options. See [3.4 Device Configuration](#) for the details.

Output area includes Output, Error, Warning, and Info, which respectively displays all information, error information, warning information, and instructions information.

Note!

If "Enable" is not checked, the Programmer will consider the device as not being in the chain, and the row where the device is located will not be editable.

2.4 Software Version

Gowin Programmer and Gowin IDE have separate software version numbers, which can be viewed by clicking "About" in software interface, as shown in Figure 2-7.

Figure 2-7 Version Number



2.5 Cable Privilege Configuration in Linux System

As shown in Figure 2-8, Makefile is a text file and Gowin_USB_Cable_Installer.sh is a script file, and both of them can be used to modify the cable privileges.

Figure 2-8 File List

- 50-programmer_usb.rules
- Gowin_USB_Cable_Installer.sh
- Makefile
- readme.txt

2.5.1 Makefile

Open a terminal, enter "sudo make" command or switch to root privileges; then enter make command, the display shows "File

50-programmer_usb.rules has been copied to /etc/udev/rules/d/" to indicate successful installation (some centos6 systems need to restart to complete the setup), as shown in Figure 2-9 and Figure 2-10.

Figure 2-9 Makefile Installation for a Regular User

```
fzq@localhost:~/software/application/cable_linux_privileges_20230417
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[fzq@localhost cable_linux_privileges_20230417]$ sudo make

We trust you have received the usual lecture from the local System
Administrator. It usually boils down to these three things:

    #1) Respect the privacy of others.
    #2) Think before you type.
    #3) With great power comes great responsibility.

[sudo] password for fzq:
File 50-programmer_usb.rules has been copied to /etc/udev/rules.d/
[fzq@localhost cable_linux_privileges_20230417]$ █
```

Figure 2-10 Makefile Installation for a Root User

```
fzq@localhost:/home/fzq/Desktop/cable_linux_privileges_20230414
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[fzq@localhost cable_linux_privileges_20230414]$ su
Password:
[root@localhost cable_linux_privileges_20230414]# make
Please restart the system later to complete the setup
File 50-programmer_usb.rules has been copied to /etc/udev/rules.d/
[root@localhost cable_linux_privileges_20230414]# █
```

2.5.2 Gowin_USB_Cable_Installer.sh

Open the folder where the programmer is located and check if all the above 4 files exist in Figure 2-8. After that, open a terminal, switch to root privilege, and give the privilege to Gowin_USB_Cable_Installer.sh; then run Gowin_USB_Cable_Installer.sh, and it will show "complete" to indicate successful installation, as shown in Figure 2-11.

Figure 2-11 Script Installation

```
fzq@localhost:/home/fzq/Desktop/cable_linux_privileges_20230414
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[fzq@localhost cable_linux_privileges_20230414]$ su
Password:
[root@localhost cable_linux_privileges_20230414]# chmod +x Gowin_USB_Cable_Insta
ller.sh
[root@localhost cable_linux_privileges_20230414]# ./Gowin_USB_Cable_Installer.sh
Please restart the system later to complete the setup
complete !
[root@localhost cable_linux_privileges_20230414]# █
```

3 Programming Download Flow

Programming download is the process of downloading the bitstream files to SRAM, embedded Flash or external Flash of FPGA through download cable, and the programming download process is as follows: Start > Setting download cable > Scanning device > Device programming configuration > Downloading.

1. Download Cable Setting (optional): Select the download cable type, port, and frequency for the programming download.

Note!

The first available port will be selected by default, and the default frequency is 2.5MHz.

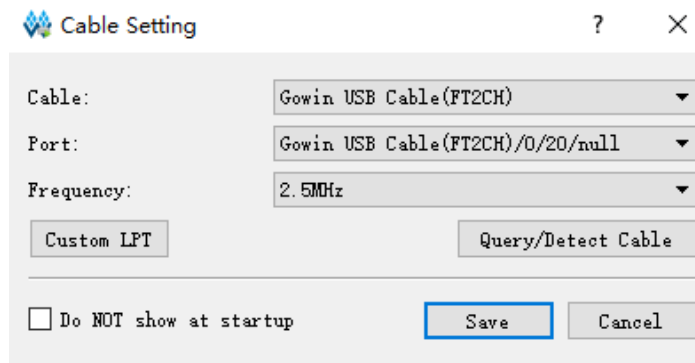
2. Daisy chain configuration and programming: Configure daisy chain in the device table to match the actual physical connection of daisy chain, and select the programming operation and required data file for each device with the top level being near the Programmer.
3. Programming download: Download the daisy chain that has been configured, and the final result will be displayed in the output area.

3.1 Cable Setting

The Cable Setting allows users to select the available download cable type, port, and frequency for the programming download. Select "Edit > Setting > Cable Setting" in the menu bar to open "Cable Setting". Three types of cables are supported currently: Gowin USB Cable (FTDI), Gowin USB Cable (GWU2X) and LPT.

1. Gowin USB Cable (FT2CH) is as shown in Figure 3-1.
 - Cable: Gowin USB Cable (FT2CH)
 - Port: The first available port will be selected by default. The last character A represents the channel number of programmer. There are three channels: S, A and B.
 - Frequency: JTAG with 2MHz, 2.5MHz, 15MHz, 10MHz, and the default is 2.5 MHz.

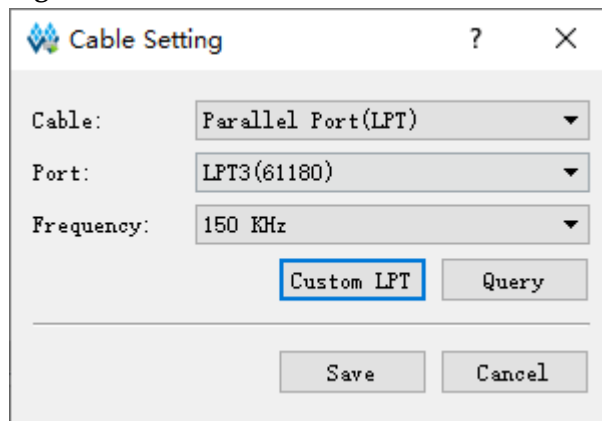
Figure 3-1 Gowin USB Cable (FT2CH)



2. LPT is as shown in Figure 3-2.

- Cable: Parallel Port (LPT)
- Port: The available port for the download cable, selected according to the PCI property of the computer.
- Frequency: 150KHz

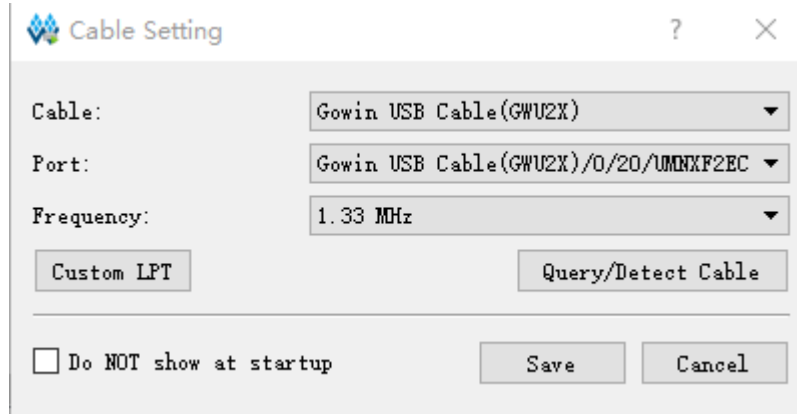
Figure 3-2 LPT



3. Gowin USB Cable (GWU2X) is as shown in

- Cable: Gowin USB Cable(GWU2X)
- Port: The first available port will be selected by default. The last character A represents the channel number of programmer. There are three channels: S, A and B
- Frequency: 1.33MHz by default

Figure 3-3 Gowin USB Cable (GWU2X)



3.2 Scan Daisy Chain


Programmer automatically scans the daisy chain connected to the computer. Click " to scan daisy chain connected to the computer. After scanning, all devices are shown in device table in the order of chain, as shown in Figure 3-4.

Figure 3-4 Device Table

Enable	Series	Device	Operation	FS File	User Code	IDCODE
1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	GW1N	GW1N-4B	embFlash Erase,Program,Verify	...W1N/GW1N4B-minikit_LED_test_dual_jtag/impl/	0xffff000	1100381B


Note!

Some devices have the same ID (such as GW2A-18/GW2AR-18), which requires users to manually specify the corresponding device after scanning.

Programmer supports the manual configuration of daisy chain. It includes the operations of adding device, removing device, and modifying the position of the device in the chain.

3.3 Daisy Chain Configuration


3.3.1 Add Device

1. Select "Edit > Add Device" or click " in menu to add a new device.
2. Click "Family" to select the device family from the drop-down menu.
3. Click "Device" to select a part number from the drop-down menu.



Note!

When selected, the new device is added to the selected location or the end of the daisy chain.

3.3.2 Remove Device

Select the device row and remove the device by clicking "Edit > Remove Device" or the "".

3.3.3 Modify Device Position in Chain

Select the device row and modify the device position in the chain by clicking "Edit > Up (or Down) " or the " " or " ".

3.4 Device Configuration


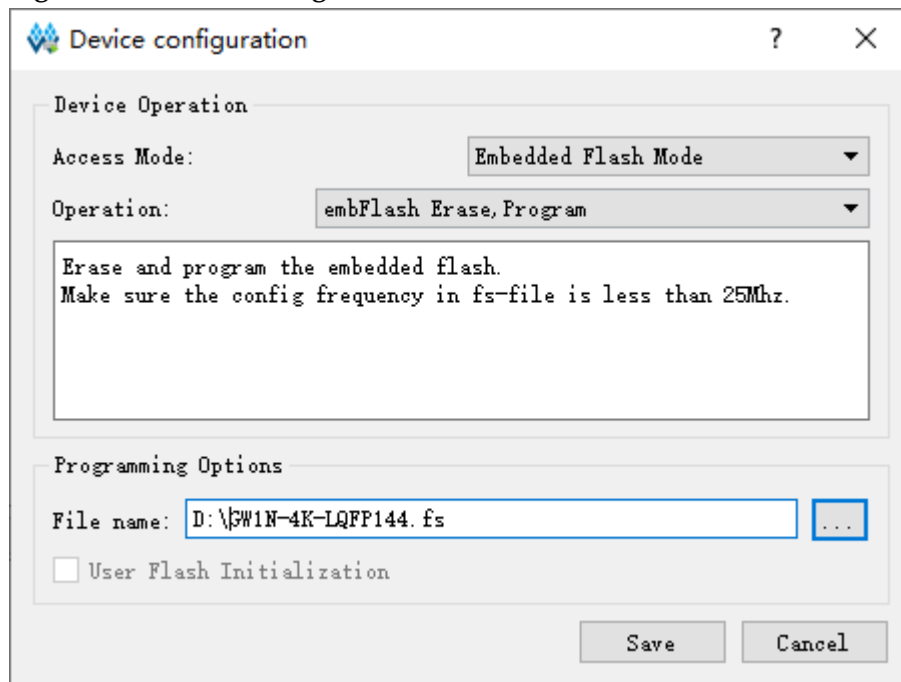
Select the device row and open the "Device configuration" dialog by clicking "Edit > Configure Device" or " " or double-clicking "Operation", as shown in Figure 3-5.

Figure 3-5 Device Configuration Interface



- Access Mode: Select programming mode.
- Operation: Select programming operation, see Table 3-1 for details.
- Instruction Register Length: When the device is selected as JTAG-NOP, select instruction register length.
- Programming File: Select programming data file.
- Device: When the programming mode is selected as External Flash Mode, select External Flash.
- Start Address: When the programming mode is selected as External Flash Mode, select initial address of External Flash.


Table 3-1 Device Operations Description

Access Mode	Operation	Description
SRAM Mode	Bypass	Bypass
	Read Device Code	Read Device ID, User Code, Status Code.
	Read User Code	Read Device User Code
	Read Status Register	Read Device Status
	Reprogram	–
	SRAM Erase	Erase SRAM
	SRAM Program	Configure the bitstream file to FPGA SRAM
	SRAM program and Verify	Write data to SRAM and verify
Embedded Flash Mode	embFlash Erase, Program	Erase embFlash, then write data.
	embFlash Erase, Program, Verify	Erase embFlash, then write data and verify.
	embFlash Erase Only	Erase embFlash only
External Flash Mode	exFlash Erase, Program	Erase external Flash, then write data to external flash.
	exFlash Erase, Program, Verify	Erase external Flash, then write data and verify.
	exFlash Program Without Erasure	Write data to external Flash without erasure
	exFlash Bulk Erase	Erase external Flash
	exFlash Verify	Verify external Flash
	exFlash Erase, Program in bscan	Erase external Flash and write data to external Flash in bscan
	exFlash Erase, Program, Verify in bscan	Erase external Flash, write data to external flash and verify in bscan.
	exFlash Verify in bscan	–
	exFlash Program in bscan without erasure.	Write data to external Flash without erasure in bscan.
	exFlash Bulk Erase in bscan	Verify external Flash in bscan
	exFlash C Bin Erase, Program	Erase external Flash, then write RISC-V bin files to external Flash.
	exFlash C Bin Erase, Program, Verify	Erase external Flash, then write RISC-V bin files to external Flash and verify.
exFlash C Bin Program	Write RISC-V bin files to external Flash	
Slave SPI Mode	Slave SPI Read ID Code	Read ID Code in SSPI mode
	Slave SPI Scan exFlash	Scan exFlash in SSPI mode
	Slave SPI Program SRAM	Write data to SRAM in SSPI mode

Note!

GW2A/GW2AR series of chips do not have embedded Flash and do not support this mode.

3.4.1 SRAM Configuration


1. Select the device row and open the Device Configuration dialog by clicking "Edit > Configure Device" or " " or double-clicking "Operation".
2. Select SRAM Mode in "Access Mode" drop-down list.
3. Select operation in "Operation" drop-down list as required.
4. For non-Gowin devices, you need to manually specify the length of the instruction register or instruct the programmer to read the length of the instruction register of the BSDL file.
5. Click "Save" to complete the configuration.

Note!

Non-Gowin device (JTAG-NOP) only supports Bypass.


3.4.2 Embedded Flash Configuration of LittleBee® Series of FPGA Products

The GW1N/GW1NZ series of FPGA products includes embedded Flash; you can select Embedded Flash Mode.

1. Select the device row and open the Device Configuration dialog by clicking "Edit> Configure Device" or " " or double-clicking "Operation".
2. Select Embedded Flash Mode in "Access Mode" drop-down list.
3. Select operation in "Operation" drop-down list as required;
4. Programming File: Select programming bitstream file.
5. Click "Save" to complete the configuration.

3.4.3 External Flash Configuration


Gowin programmer supports external Flash programming. The external flash configuration process is as follows:

1. Select the device row and open the Device Configuration dialog by clicking "Edit> Configure Device" or " " or double-clicking "Operation".
2. Select "External Flash Mode" in "Access Mode" drop-down list.
3. Select operation in "Operation" as required.
4. If "exFlash Program" selected in "Operation", the corresponding programming bitstream file needs to be selected in "Programming File".
5. For external Flash part number, LittleBee® and Arora family support SPI Flash with read commands of 0x03 or 0x0B.
6. If there is no flash selected in the menu, please select Generic Flash to try to program automatically.

7. Select the initial address of the external Flash. Currently, the default is 0x000000.
8. Click "Save" to complete the configuration.

3.4.4 Slave SPI Mode

In Slave SPI Mode, the download cable shall be connected to the dedicated SSPI pin, see [UG290, Gowin FPGA Products Programming and Configuration Guide](#).

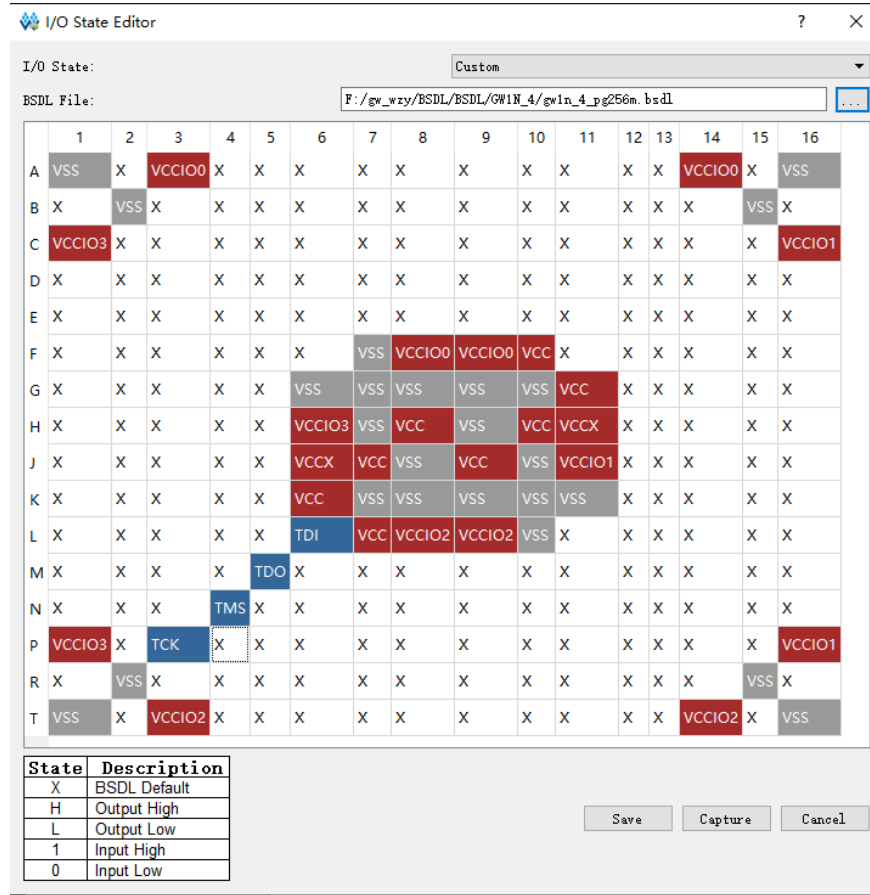
1. Select the device row and open the Device Configuration dialog by clicking "Edit> Configure Device" or " " or double-clicking "Operation".
2. Select "Slave SPI Mode" in "Access Mode" drop-down list.
3. Select operation in "Operation" drop-down list as required.
4. If "Slave SPI Program SRAM" selected in "Operation", the corresponding programming bitstream file needs to be selected in "Programming File".
5. Click "Save" to complete the configuration.

3.5 Edit Pin State

Programmer uses I/O State Editor to edit the I/O pin value, which allows you to set the state of the pins prior to programming download.

1. Select the device row and open I/O State Editor by clicking "Edit > I/O State" or right clicking "I/O State".
2. Select the BSM file that conforms with the device part number and package.
3. Modify the pin state by clicking on the cell location or set the same state for all pins by right-clicking on the menu.

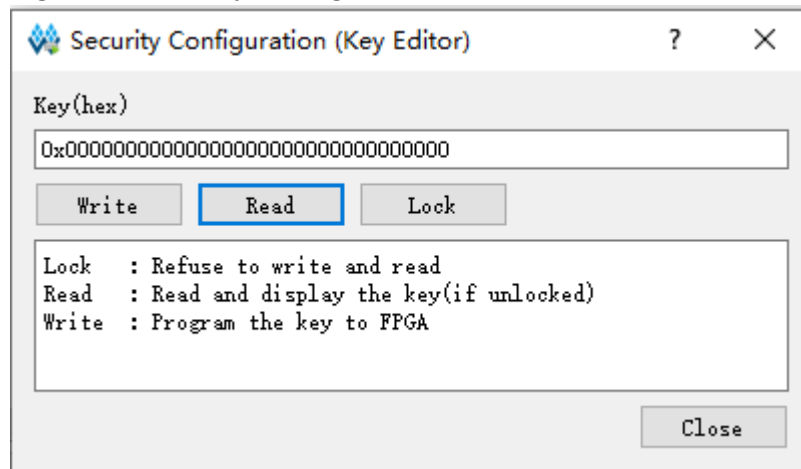
Figure 3-6 I/O State Editor



3.6 Device Security

When programming with encrypted bitstream files, you need to write the key of the bitstream file to FPGA. Select the device row and open Security Configuration dialog by clicking "Edit > Configure Security" from the menu or right-clicking "Security Key Setting", as shown in Figure 3-7.

Figure 3-7 Security Configuration



- Write: Write the specified key value to the FPGA.
- Read: Read and display the key value in the FPGA in the case of

unlocking.

- **Lock:** Lock the key in the FPGA, and the key is unable to be read or written after being locked.

After the decryption key is written successfully, readback the written value via the "Read" button on the interface to verify.

After the key is written successfully, lock it in the FPGA via the Lock command. Once you have performed this operation, any read and write key operations will be invalid, the key value cannot be modified, and the read bits are all 1.

After the decryption key is set, the encrypted bitstream data will only work when the data matches the decryption key. The key does not affect the non-encrypted bitstream data.

Note!

All bits of the initial value of Gowin FPGA keys are 0. If a certain bit of the key value is changed to 1, it cannot be changed back to 0. For example, the key value written during an operation is 00000000-00000000-00000000-00000001, and the last bit of the modified key must be 1. For more detailed information, see [TN654. GW2A\(R\) series of FPGA Products AES Programming Guide](#).

3.7 Programming Download

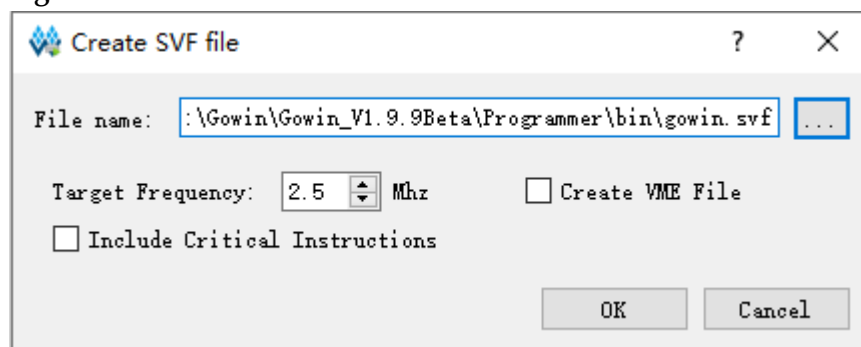
After configuring the download cable and daisy chain, select "Design > Run" from the menu or click "▶" to download. The final result will be displayed in the output panel.

3.8 SVF File Creation

Using fs file to create SVF file is supported. Currently, only GW1N-4 SVF file creation is supported.

1. Configure embedded Flash mode according to the GW1N/GW1NZ and select GW1N4 device.
2. Select the device chain and open the Create SVF File dialog by clicking, "Edit> SVF File Create" or right-clicking "SVF File Create".
3. The generated SVF file can be named in File Name and it can choose SVF save path, as shown in Figure 3-8.
4. Click "OK" to complete the creation of the SVF file.

Figure 3-8 Create SVF File



3.9 User Flash Initialization

LittleBee® family provides users with User Flash space. User Flash data can be used to program embedded Flash and User Flash space at the same time. For the security of the design, this operation only supports user flash programming on the Programmer and readback is not supported. You can choose user flash initialization file with .fi suffix when programming, as shown in Figure 3-9 .

Figure 3-9 User Flash Initialization

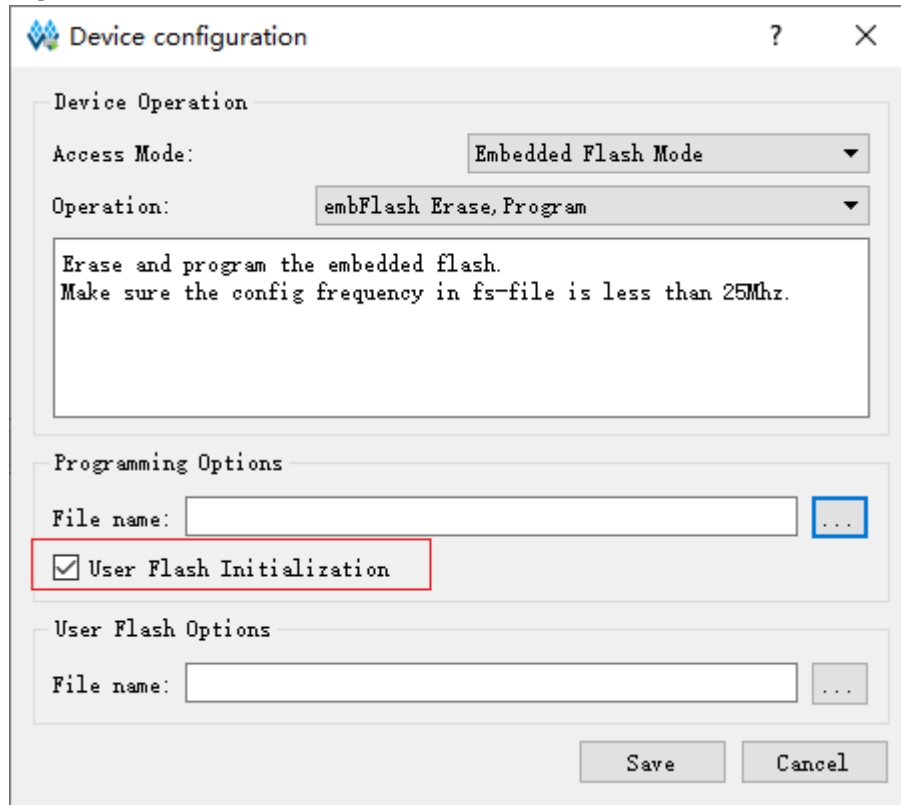


Table 3-2 User Flash Reference

Series	Device	Flash Type	Address	Data Width
GW1N	GW1N-1	FLASH96K	48* 64	32Bits
	GW1N-1S			
	GW1N-2	FLASH256K	128* 64	
	GW1N-2B			
	GW1N-4			
	GW1N-4B	FLASH608K	304* 64	
	GW1N-6			
GW1N-9				
GW1NR	GW1NR-4	FLASH256K	128* 64	
	GW1NR-4B			
	GW1NR-9	FLASH608K	304* 64	
GW1NS	GW1NS-2	FLASH128K	32786	

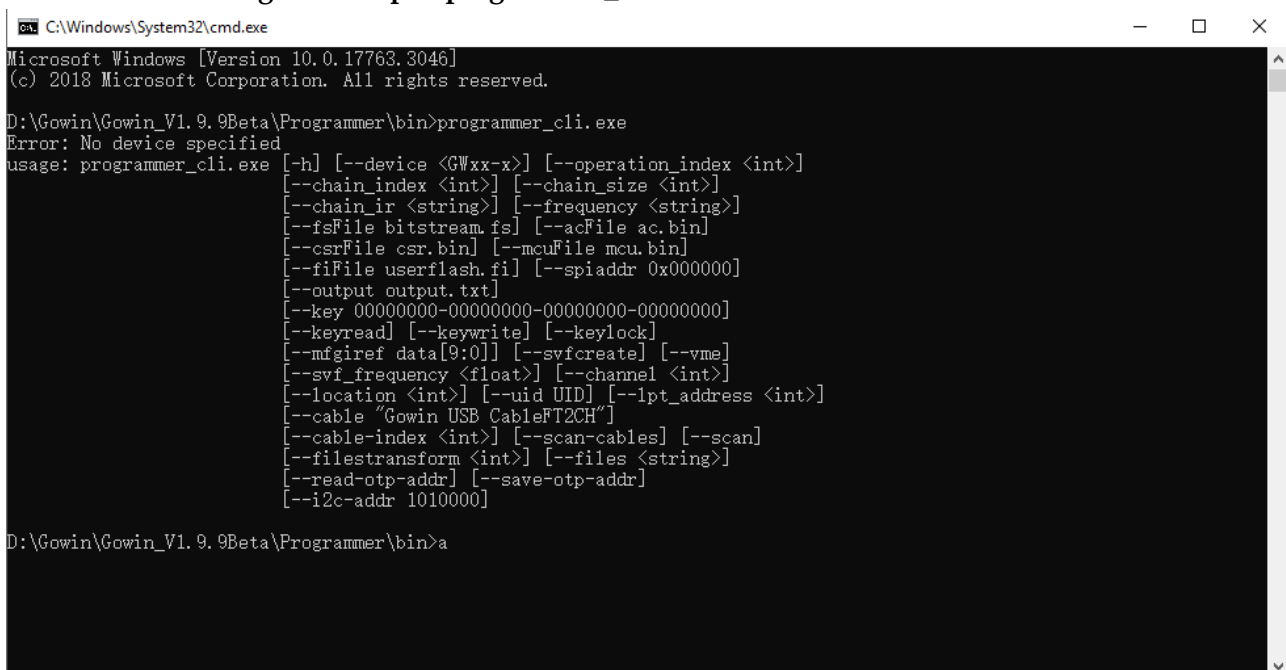
Series	Device	Flash Type	Address	Data Width
	GW1NS-2C			
GW1NSR	GW1NSR-2	FLASH128K	32786	
	GW1NSR-2C			
GW1NZ	GW1NZ-1	FLASH64KZ	32* 64	

4 Programmer_cli Programming Download Flow

4.1 Preview and Help

Open the programmer_cli tool in CMD. When no parameters are used, a brief help description will be prompted, and no device specified will also be prompted.

Figure 4-1 Open programmer_cli in CMD



```

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.3046]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

D:\Gowin\Gowin_V1.9.9Beta\Programmer\bin>programmer_cli.exe
Error: No device specified
usage: programmer_cli.exe [-h] [--device <GWxx-x>] [--operation_index <int>]
                        [--chain_index <int>] [--chain_size <int>]
                        [--chain_ir <string>] [--frequency <string>]
                        [--fsFile bitstream.fs] [--acFile ac.bin]
                        [--csrFile csr.bin] [--mcuFile mcu.bin]
                        [--fiFile userflash.fi] [--spiaddr 0x000000]
                        [--output output.txt]
                        [--key 00000000-00000000-00000000-00000000]
                        [--keyread] [--keywrite] [--keylock]
                        [--mfgiref data[9:0]] [--svfcreate] [--vme]
                        [--svf_frequency <float>] [--channel <int>]
                        [--location <int>] [--uid UID] [--lpt_address <int>]
                        [--cable 'Gowin USB CableFT2CH']
                        [--cable-index <int>] [--scan-cables] [--scan]
                        [--filestransform <int>] [--files <string>]
                        [--read-otp-addr] [--save-otp-addr]
                        [--i2c-addr 1010000]

D:\Gowin\Gowin_V1.9.9Beta\Programmer\bin>a

```

Use the parameter `-help` to get more help information.

Figure 4-2 Help Information

```

ca C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
D:\Gowin\Gowin_V1.9.9Beta\Programmer\bin>programmer_cli.exe -h
usage: programmer_cli.exe [-h] [--device <GWxx-x>] [--operation_index <int>]
                        [--chain_index <int>] [--chain_size <int>]
                        [--chain_ir <string>] [--frequency <string>]
                        [--fsFile bitstream.fs] [--acFile ac.bin]
                        [--csrFile csr.bin] [--mcuFile mcu.bin]
                        [--fiFile userflash.fi] [--spiaddr 0x000000]
                        [--output output.txt]
                        [--key 00000000-00000000-00000000-00000000]
                        [--keyread] [--keywrite] [--keylock]
                        [--mfgiref data[9:0]] [--svfcreate] [--vme]
                        [--svf_frequency <float>] [--channel <int>]
                        [--location <int>] [--uid UID] [--lpt_address <int>]
                        [--cable "Gowin USB CableFT2CH"]
                        [--cable-index <int>] [--scan-cables] [--scan]
                        [--filestransform <int>] [--files <string>]
                        [--read-otp-addr] [--save-otp-addr]
                        [--i2c-addr 1010000]

Gowin FPGA Programmer command-line interface. Version 1.9.9 Beta build(30420);
Copyright (C) 2014-2023 Gowin Semiconductor Corporation

optional arguments:
  -h, --help                show this help message and exit
  --device <GWxx-x>, -d <GWxx-x>
                            Define a GOWIN FPGA device from:
                            GW1N-1 GW1N-1P5 GW1N-1P5B GW1N-1P5C
                            GW1N-1S GW1N-2 GW1N-2B GW1N-2C
                            GW1N-4 GW1N-4B GW1N-4D GW1N-9
                            GW1N-9C GW1NR-1 GW1NR-2 GW1NR-2B
                            GW1NR-2C GW1NR-4 GW1NR-4B GW1NR-4D
                            GW1NR-9 GW1NR-9C GW1NRF-4B GW1NS-4
                            GW1NS-4C GW1NSER-4C GW1NSR-4 GW1NSR-4C
                            GW1NZ-1 GW1NZ-1C GW2A-18 GW2A-18C
                            GW2A-55 GW2A-55C GW2AN-18X GW2AN-55C
                            GW2AN-9X GW2ANR-18C GW2AR-18 GW2AR-18C
                            GW5A-138B GW5A-25 GW5AST-138B GW5AT-138
                            GW5AT-138B
  --operation_index <int>, --run <int>, -r <int>
                            0: Read Device Codes;
                            1: Reprogram;
                            2: SRAM Program;
                            3: SRAM Read;
                            4: SRAM Program and Verify;
                            5: embFlash Erase,Program;
                            6: embFlash Erase,Program,Verify;
                            7: embFlash Erase Only;
                            8: exFlash Erase,Program;
                            9: exFlash Erase,Program,Verify;
                            10: exFlash Bulk Erase;
                            11: exFlash Verify;
                            12: exFlash Erase,Program in bscan;
                            13: exFlash Erase,Program,Verify in bscan;
                            14: exFlash Bulk Erase in bscan;
                            15: exFlash Verify in bscan;
                            16: SRAM Program JTAG 1149;
                            17: SRAM Program,Verify JTAG 1149;
                            18: bsd1 read;
                            19: embFlash 2nd Erase,Program;
                            20: embFlash 2nd Erase,Program,Verify;
                            21: embFlash 2nd Erase Only;
                            22: -R-;
                            23: Connect to JTAG of MCU;

```

```

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
21: embFlash 2nd Erase Only;
22: -R-;
23: Connect to JTAG of MCU;
24: SRAM Erase;
25: Authentication Code Erase,Program,Verify;
26: Authentication Code Read;
27: Firmware Erase,Program Securely;
28: Firmware Erase Only;
29: Firmware Erase,Program;
30: Firmware Erase,Program,Verify;
31: exFlash C Bin Erase,Program;
32: exFlash C Bin Erase,Program,Verify;
33: -R-;
34: MFG Write iRef;
35: CSR File Erase,Program,Verify;
36: exFlash Erase,Program thru GAO-Bridge;
37: exFlash Erase,Program,Verify thru GAO-Bridge;
38: exFlash C Bin Erase,Program thru GAO-Bridge;
39: exFlash C Bin Erase,Program,Verify thru GAO-Bridge;
40: DK-GoAI-GW1NSR4C_QN48 v1.1;
41: DK-GoAI-GW1NSR4C_QN48 v2.2;
42: DK-GoAI-GW2AR18_QN88P v1.1;
43: -R-;
44: sFlash Erase,Program;
45: sFlash Erase,Program,Verify;
46: sFlash Verify Only;
47: sFlash Bulk Erase;
48: sFlash Background Erase,Program;
49: sFlash Background Erase,Program,Verify;
50: -R-;
51: -R-;
52: exFlash Bulk Erase 5AT;
53: exFlash Erase,Program 5AT;
54: exFlash Erase,Program,Verify 5AT;
55: exFlash C Bin Erase,Program 5AT;
56: exFlash C Bin Erase,Program,Verify 5AT;
57: I2C Program SRAM;
58: I2C Program Flash;
59: I2C Erase Flash Only;
60: I2C Erase Flash Only thru I2C-SPI;
61: I2C Erase,Program Flash thru I2C-SPI;
62: EBR Read;
63: -R-;
64: -R-;
--chain_index <int>, -i <int>
    Define the device index on the chain. The default is 0.
    It must be used in combination with option: "--chain_size".
--chain_size <int>, -l <int>
    Define the device index on the chain. The minimum length is 1.
    It must be used in combination with option: "--chain_index".
--chain_ir <string>
    Define the IR_LENGTH of every device. example: 8,8,8,8
--frequency <string>, --freq <string>
    default is 2.5MHz. More options:
    2MHz; 1.5MHz; 0.4MHz; 15MHz; 0.9MHz; 2.5MHz; 10MHz; 0.5MHz; 0.02MHz; 0.1MHz; 0.3MHz; 0.75MHz; 1.
1MHz;
--fsFile bitstream.fs, --fs bitstream.fs, -f bitstream.fs
    Define the .fs file path.
--acFile ac.bin, --ac ac.bin, -a ac.bin
    Define the Authentication-Code file path.
--csrFile csr.bin
    Define the CSR file path.
--mcuFile mcu.bin, --fw mcu.bin, --mcu mcu.bin, -m mcu.bin
    Define firmware file path of MCU.

```

```

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
--mcuFile mcu.bin, --fw mcu.bin, --mcu mcu.bin, -m mcu.bin
    Define firmware file path of MCU.
--fiFile userflash.fi
    Define Userflash initialization file path.
--spiaddr 0x000000
    Define starts address of spi-flash.
--output output.txt, -o output.txt
    Define output file path. Default is output.txt
--key 00000000-00000000-00000000-00000000
    16 byte key string in HEX format.
--keyread
    Read key from FPGA
--keywrite
    Write key to FPGA
--keylock
    Lock key setting
--mfgiref data[9:0]
    Write data[9:5] to tune iref,data[9:0]=itrim[9:5]+freq[4:0]
--svfcreate
    Create SVF file only.
--vme
    Create VME file after SVF file created.
--svf_frequency <float>
    Define a frequency for SVF, default is 2.5 (MHz).
--channel <int>
    Define download cable channel. Default is 0. Only works for Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH)
--location <int>
    Define location number of USB Cable.
    when use location option, programmer will open the corresponding cable.
    Default works for Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH) .
    Will ignore --channel option
--uid UID, --unique-id UID
    Define Unique-ID of USB Cable.
    when use this option, programmer will open the corresponding cable.
    Default works for Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH) .
    Will ignore --location and --channel option
--lpt_address <int>
    Define GOWIN LPT cable address. Default is 0x0378.
--cable "Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH)"
    Select a type of USB cable(including quotation marks):
    "Gowin USB Cable(GWU2X)"
    "Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH)"
    "Parallel Port(LPT)"
    "Digilent USB Device"
    "USB Debugger A"
    Default cable is "Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH)"
--cable-index <int>
    Select a number for USB cable:
    0: Gowin USB Cable(GWU2X);
    1: Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH);
    2: Parallel Port(LPT);
    3: Digilent USB Device;
    4: USB Debugger A;
    Higher priority than --cable, default cable-index is 0
--scan-cables, --show-channel
    List GOWIN USB download cables
--scan
    Scan and list GOWIN FPGA devices
--filestransform <int>
    1: Convert/Merge .fs to .bin;
    2: Convert/Merge .bin(binary) to .hex(HEX);
    3: Convert/Merge .bin(binary) to .h(hpp);
    4: Convert .bin(binary) to .intelhex(Intel HEX);
    5: Merge multiple ".fs" files to one ".fs" ;
    6: Append User Flash Init File(.fi) to a BitStreamFile(.bin);
    7: Append a MCU FW File(.bin) to a BitStreamFile(.bin);
    8: Append GWINS4C M3 Core File(.bin) to a BitStreamFile(.fs);
--files <string>
    Used with the parameter --filestransform together, multiple files are separated by ",",
    such as: file1.fs,file2.fs
--read-otp-addr
    Read OTP I2C Address
--save-otp-addr
    Save as OTP I2C Address
--i2c-addr 1010000
    Set the USB Cable address of I2C interface

D:\Gowin\Gowin_V1.9.9Beta\Programmer\bin>

```

4.2 Scan USB Cable Device

Scan and display the connected USB Cable information.

Use programmer_cli.exe --scan-cables

Figure 4-3 Scan USB Cable Device

```

D:\Gowin\Gowin_V1.9.9Beta\Programmer\bin>programmer_cli.exe --scan-cables
Cable found: Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH)/0/5138/GW20LCRZ (USB location:5138) (SN: GW20LCRZ)
Cost 0.4 second(s)

D:\Gowin\Gowin_V1.9.9Beta\Programmer\bin>

```

- The Cable type is Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH).
- /0/ is the channel number.
- 5922 is the USB location information.
- /GW-eHwVp is the USB Cable UID.
- (USB location:5922) (SN: GW-eHwVp) is the description information.

4.3 Specify USB Cable Type and Port

When scanning or configuring FPGA, you can specify the USB Cable type using the parameter "--cable-index". When --cable-index is 0, the cable type is Gowin USB Cable (GWU2X); when --cable-index is 1, the cable type is Gowin USB Cable (FT2CH), and so on; and --cable-index is 0 by default.

When using a multi-port cable, such as an FTDI cable, there will be multiple ports to choose. You can use the parameter "--channel" to specify the port, and the value of -channel is 0 by default; the help information is as follows:

Figure 4-4 Help Information

```
--channel <int>      Define download cable channel. Default is 0. Only works for Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH)
--cable-index <int> Select a number for USB cable:
                    0: Gowin USB Cable(GWU2X);
                    1: Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH);
                    2: Parallel Port(LPT);
                    3: Digilent USB Device;
                    4: Unverified FT Device;
                    Higher priority than --cable, default cable-index is 0
```

4.4 Specify USB Cable Location or UID

When using multiple USB Cables, you can specify the USB port location or Cable UID to confirm a USB Cable device, and the help information is as follows:

Figure 4-5 Help Information

```
--location <int>    Define location number of USB Cable.
                    when use location option, programmer will open the corresponding cable.
                    Default works for Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH) .
                    Will ignore --channel option
--uid UID, --unique-id UID
                    Define Unique-ID of USB Cable.
                    when use this option, programmer will open the corresponding cable.
                    Default works for Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH) .
                    Will ignore --location and --channel option
```

4.5 Scan FPGA Device

Scan the device with the following instruction.

```
programmer_cli.exe --scan
```

Figure 4-6 Scan FPGA Device

```

D:\Gowin\Gowin_V1.9.9Beta\Programmer\bin>programmer_cli.exe --scan
Scanning!
Target Cable: Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH)/0/0/null@2.5MHz
Device Info:
  Family: GW1NRF
  Name: GW1N-4D GW1NR-4D GW1N-4B GW1NR-4B GW1NRF-4B (One of them)
  ID: 0x1100381B
1 device(s) found!
Cost 0.77 second(s)

```

4.6 Specify Programmer Operation Mode

Use the parameter "--operation_index" or "--run" or "-r" to specify the operation mode, such as SRAM, Flash configuration, etc. The help information is as follows:

Figure 4-7 Help Information

```

--operation_index <int>, --run <int>, -r <int>
  0: Read Device Codes;
  1: Reprogram;
  2: SRAM Program;
  3: SRAM Read;
  4: SRAM Program and Verify;
  5: embFlash Erase, Program;
  6: embFlash Erase, Program, Verify;
  7: embFlash Erase Only;
  8: exFlash Erase, Program;
  9: exFlash Erase, Program, Verify;
  10: exFlash Bulk Erase;
  11: exFlash Verify;
  12: exFlash Erase, Program in bscan;
  13: exFlash Erase, Program, Verify in bscan;
  14: exFlash Bulk Erase in bscan;
  15: exFlash Verify in bscan;
  16: SRAM Program JTAG 1149;
  17: SRAM Program, Verify JTAG 1149;
  18: bsd1 read;
  19: embFlash 2nd Erase, Program;
  20: embFlash 2nd Erase, Program, Verify;
  21: embFlash 2nd Erase Only;
  22: -R-;
  23: Connect to JTAG of MCU;
  24: SRAM Erase;
  25: Authentication Code Erase, Program, Verify;
  26: Authentication Code Read;
  27: Firmware Erase, Program Securely;
  28: Firmware Erase Only;
  29: Firmware Erase, Program;
  30: Firmware Erase, Program, Verify;
  31: exFlash C Bin Erase, Program;
  32: exFlash C Bin Erase, Program, Verify;
  33: -R-;
  34: MFG Write iRef;

```

When configuring the FPGA, use the parameter "--device" to specify

FPGA Device, and the help information is as follows:

Figure 4-8 Help Information

```

--device <GWxx-x>, -d <GWxx-x>
    Define a GOWIN FPGA device from:
    GW1N-1 GW1N-1P5 GW1N-1P5B GW1N-1P5C
    GW1N-1S GW1N-2 GW1N-2B GW1N-2C
    GW1N-4 GW1N-4B GW1N-4D GW1N-9
    GW1N-9C GW1NR-1 GW1NR-2 GW1NR-2B
    GW1NR-2C GW1NR-4 GW1NR-4B GW1NR-4D
    GW1NR-9 GW1NR-9C GW1NRF-4B GW1NS-2
    GW1NS-2C GW1NS-4 GW1NS-4C GW1NSE-2C
    GW1NSER-4C GW1NSR-2 GW1NSR-2C GW1NSR-4
    GW1NSR-4C GW1NZ-1 GW1NZ-1C GW2A-18
    GW2A-18C GW2A-55 GW2A-55C GW2AN-18X
    GW2AN-55C GW2AN-9X GW2ANR-18C GW2AR-18
    GW2AR-18C

```

You can use the following command formats to configure SRAM or Flash:

```

programmer_cli.exe --device <GWxx-x> --run <int> --fsFile
<bitstream.fs> --cable-index <int> --location <int> --uid <UID>
--chain_index <int> --chain_size <int> --chain_ir <string> --frequency
<string>

```

- --frequency specifies JTAG frequency, currently only applicable to FTDI Cable; U2X Cable frequency is fixed at 1.33MHz.
- --chain_index <int> --chain_size <int> --chain_ir <string> can be used in conjunction to specify the location of the target device in the daisy chain.
- --location specifies the USB port where the target device is located, and the priority is higher than the UID.
- --uid specifies the USB Cable used by the target device.
- --cable-index <int> specifies USB Cable type.
- --fsFile <bitstream.fs> specifies bitstream file path.
- --run <int> and --operation_index specify execution mode.
- --device <GWxx-x> specifies the target device name, case-sensitive.

4.7 Configure SRAM

Specify a bitstream file, corresponding device and SRAM configuration mode to configure FPGA SRAM, for example:

Configure SRAM Program; the "SRAM Program" value in the --operation_index parameter is 2, so the operation command is as follows:

```

programmer_cli.exe --device <GWxx-x> --run <int> --fsFile
<bitstream.fs> --cable-index <int> --location <int>

```

Among them, --cable-index and --location have default values when they are specified, and they can be omitted.

An example is as follows:

```
programmer_cli.exe --device GW1N-4B --run 2 --fsFile d:\bitstream.fs
--cable-index 1
```

Figure 4-9 Example

```
D:\Gowin\Gowin_V1.9.9Beta\Programmer\bin>programmer_cli.exe --device GW1N-4B --run 2 --fsFile d:\bitstream.fs --cable-index 1
Target Cable: Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH)/0/0/mul1@2.5MHz
Operation "SRAM Program" is starting on device-1...
Programming...: [#####] 99% User Code: 0xFFFF000B
Status Code: 0x0001F020
Cost 2.89 second(s)
```

The parameter meanings are as follows:

- --device GW1N-4B is used to specify the target FPGA device, and the device name will be printed when scanning.
- --fsFile d:\bitstream.fs is used to specify the bitstream file d:\bitstream.fs.
- --cable-index 1 is used to specify USB Cable as "Gowin USB Cable (FT2CH)".

4.8 Configure Embedded Flash of LittleBee® Family

4.8.1 Configure Flash

The --operation_index label for programming Flash is as follows:

- 5: embFlash Erase,Program;
- 6: embFlash Erase,Program,Verify;
- 7: embFlash Erase Only;

An example is as follows:

```
programmer_cli --run 5 --fsFile d:\bitstream.fs --device GW1N-4B --
cable-index 1
```

Figure 4-10 Example

```
D:\Gowin\Gowin_V1.9.9Beta\Programmer\bin>programmer_cli.exe --device GW1N-4B --run 5 --fsFile d:\bitstream.fs --cable-index 1
Target Cable: Gowin USB Cable(FT2CH)/0/0/mul1@2.5MHz
Operation "embFlash Erase,Program" is starting on device-1...
Erasing embFlash ...: [#####] 100%
Programming...: [#####] 100%
Status Code: 0x0001F020
User Code: 0xFFFF000B
Program Finished!
Cost 5.3 second(s)
```

4.8.2 Configure Flash and UserFlash Initialization File

Use the parameter "--fiFile userflash.fi" to specify UserFlash initialization file, and configure UserFlash at the same time when programming Flash, for example:

```
programmer_cli --run 5 --fsFile d:\bitstream.fs --device GW1N-4B
--cable-index 1
```

4.9 Configure External SPI Flash

The --operation_index label for programming external SPI Flash is as follows, and it is recommended to use "thru GAO-Bridge" type.

8 exFlash Erase,Program;

9: exFlash Erase,Program,Verify;

10: exFlash Bulk Erase;

11: exFlash Verify;

12: exFlash Erase,Program in bscan;

13: exFlash Erase,Program,Verify in bscan;

14: exFlash Bulk Erase in bscan;

15: exFlash Verify in bscan;

36: exFlash Erase,Program thru GAO-Bridge;

37: exFlash Erase,Program,Verify thru GAO-Bridge;

38: exFlash C Bin Erase,Program thru GAO-Bridge;

39: exFlash C Bin Erase,Program,Verify thru GAO-Bridge;

An example is as follows:

```
programmer_cli --run 36 --fsFile d:\bitstream.fs --device GW1N-4B
--cable-index 1
```

Note!

For more information, see programmer_cli -help.

